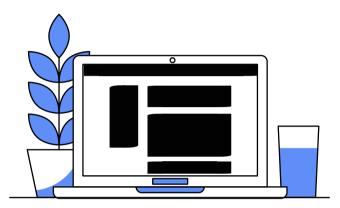
# Start with the basics

## Be Cyber Smart





#### **DEVICE PROTECTION**

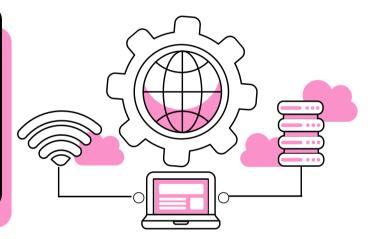
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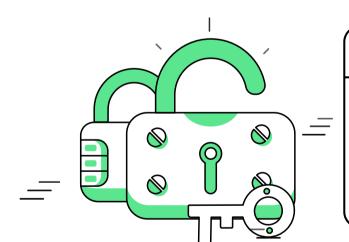
All devices that connect to the internet are vulnerable if not taken care of properly. Keep all software up-to-date. This includes your web browser, operating system, security software. Make sure you have antivirus software and use it to scan any external drive or USB you connect to your devices.

#### **WI-FI SAFETY**

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Be cautious on public Wi-Fi as they are difficult to secure since anyone can connect. Practice safe web surfing: look for HTTPS in the URL often accompanied by a padlock. Use a VPN if you must use public Wi-Fi and avoid sensitive activities like banking or shopping that requires your credit card.





#### **PASSWORDS & MFA**

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Create strong passwords by using long passwords or passphrases. Remember to mix up the characters and letters. Double your login protection by enabling Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) especially for banking, social media, email.

### OVERSHARING & PHISHING

Everyone seems to be sharing personal information on social media. What some people don't realize is that those seemingly random tidbits, when put together, can be easily used by wrongdoers to target you with a (spear)-phishing attack. Keep your personal information as private as possible.



